AUDIT COMMITTEE CHECKLIST

Audit Objective

Purpose: To certify the accuracy of the books and records of the PARENT GROUP. To assure the membership that the association's resources/funds are being managed in a business-like manner within the procedures established.

What is an Audit?

Auditing involves following financial transactions through the records to be sure that receipts have been properly accounted for and expenditures made as authorized in the budget, as approved by the general membership, and in conformity with PARENT GROUP bylaws and standing rules. The audit must review all accounts of the PARENT GROUP.

Composition of committee: The committee is composed of not less than three members appointed by the executive board at least 30 days before the last meeting of the year ("Suggested Bylaws for Local Units," *Article XIV).

No one who is an authorized check signer on any bank account may serve on the committee. It is recommended that the incoming treasurer should not be eligible to serve on the committee.

When an audit is performed:

- · At the end of the fiscal year.
- When any authorized check signer is added or deleted on any bank account.
- At any time deemed necessary by the president or three or more members.

Preparing for the Audit

The outgoing treasurer is responsible for putting the financial records in order for the committee. The outgoing treasurer should deliver the following to the audit committee:

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		A copy of the last audit report.
	2.	The checkbook, cancelled checks and all unused checks for all accounts.
	3.	Bank statements and deposit receipts.
	4.	Treasurer's books and ledgers.
	5.	The annual financial report.
	6.	All receipts of bills paid.
		Copies of minutes from general and executive meetings.
	8.	Adopted budget as amended.
	9.	Sales tax returns filed.
	10.	Form 990, if required to be filed.
	11.	. All correspondence with any taxing authority.
		. Copies of all financial reports for the period to be audited.
	13.	. A report of all fundraising events held since the last sales tax return was filed. List dates
		held and if any were designated tax free days. It should include total sales, taxable sales
		and sales tax collected. This information will be necessary for the incoming treasurer to
		accurately complete the next sales tax return.
	14	. A list of all dues-paying members and the executive board.
	15	. Current bylaws and standing rules.
		. Any other information requested by the Audit Committee.
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Once the records are turned over to the committee the outgoing treasurer can no longer write checks. The treasurer should go to the bank immediately with the incoming treasurer and additional authorized check signers to change the signature cards. During the audit, checks should only be written in the case of an emergency and would be signed by the incoming treasurer.

Conducting the Audit		
	Begin the audit with the first transaction posted after the last audit. Make sure the beginning balance agrees to the Balance on Hand per the last audit report.	
	Make sure that each check written has proper substantiation, i.e. vendor invoice or check request.	
	Ascertain the dates of fund raisers and verify deposits are made timely. Check to see that cash was counted by two people.	
	Check all ledger entries back to the cancelled checks and validated deposit tickets. Verify that all income and expenses are allocated to the proper budget category and are within the approved budget.	
	Verify that bank reconciliations are done monthly and check their accuracy. Verify all checks have two signatures and spot check endorsements.	
	Check the accuracy of the math in the checkbook and ledgers if a manual system was used.	
	Verify that financial reports presented to the membership and executive committee are	
_	accurate representations of the transactions recorded in the books.	
	Check the accuracy of the annual report and ascertain it will be retained as a part of the	
	permanent file.	
	Check to see that checks are not being signed by the individual to whom they are made payable.	
	Watch for checks with multiple handwriting (other than one of the signatures) or different	
	inks. This would be an indication of blank checks being released.	
	Checks should never be made payable to "Cash." Startup funds should be made payable to	
	the person responsible for the cash until it is redeposited.	
	Make sure that the state and national portion of dues are not recorded as income to the unit, but kept separate or recorded as a liability. Verify that the amount sent to state agrees to the membership roster and is submitted on a regular basis.	
	Determine if a 990 (EZ) is required to be filed. If so, confirm that it was filed timely and accurately.	
	Determine if the unit had an obligation to collect sales tax. If so, make sure returns were filed timely and accurately. If the unit has a sales tax permit, returns must be filed timely even if no tax was collected during the period.	
	Make sure that money collected for a designated purpose was spent only for that purpose.	
	 Check the minutes of the general and executive board meetings to verify the following: The budget and all amendments were adopted by the general membership. The general membership approves all fundraisers either through approval of the budget that includes them or through a special vote if added after the adoption of the budget. Financial reports were presented at all general and executive board meetings for all 	
	accounts. 4. Any tax-free fundraisers were so designated as such prior to the event. The general	
	membership or executive board can do this, as the unit prefers.	
	5. Verify the executive committee approved all plans of work.	
_	6. Verify a quorum was present at all executive and general meetings.	
	After the treasurer has corrected any errors and the committee is satisfied that the financial records are correct, draw a red line across the ledger and checkbook where the audit concludes. Write "Examined and found correct" and have all committee members sign and date the entry.	

Irregularities in the Records

If the audit committee finds irregularities in the records of the treasurer, the following steps should be followed:

- Contact the treasurer to secure additional records or information.
- If the matter cannot be settled to the committee's satisfaction, contact the local unit president to work out what additional steps need to be taken.
- The unit president should request additional guidance from the council president (if the unit is in a council) or the district president (if not in a council).
- A council president can request additional assistance from the district president if the matter cannot be resolved at the council level.

Audit Report

A member of the audit committee should make a report to the general membership at the first meeting held after the conclusion of the audit. The association should adopt the report at that time. A copy of the annual report should be attached to the audit report and maintained permanently by the treasurer and placed in the minutes. In the event a complete audit cannot be done due to the inadequacy or unavailability of the records this must be reported to the membership as well. Steps should be recommended for adoption to correct the situation. In the event the validity of the audit report is questioned, the PARENT GROUP can be contacted for assistance or an independent CPA could be engaged. The president or three members must sign requesting assistance for others to become involved. See section 1 for instructions and the forms for requesting a state review. The membership must approve any funds to be expended prior to engaging the services of a CPA.

In reporting an audit that finds inaccuracies in the records of the treasurer, the following statement should be given at the appropriate time:

"The Audit Committee has examined the records of the treasurer of PAREN
GROUP for the period (). The current balance on hand is \$"
The following irregularities have been found; (List all irregularities)
The following steps were taken to correct the problems: (List all steps)
To prevent these types of problems from occurring in the future, we recommend the
following: (List the recommendations)

Remember, the treasurer is legally responsible for all the funds of the association. However, the officers of the association are elected by the membership and should be committed to keeping the affairs of the association on a sound financial basis.

IMPORTANT: Any investigation by the Audit Committee must be kept confidential.